

The TAPR TICC Counter: Measuring Trillionths of a Second with an Arduino

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Sneak Preview

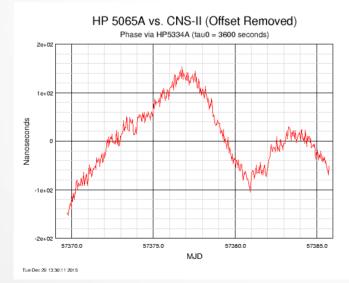
[®]The TICC is an electronic stopwatch that can time events with 60 picosecond resolution

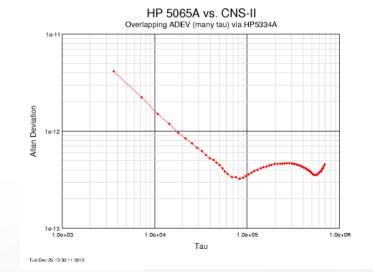
- "Shield" form factor that connects to an Arduino Mega 2560
 "Useful for Time-Nut applications: frequency and stability measurements
- [®]Other possible uses: Radar, Ultrasonics, Stock Car Races???
- [®]Open Source Software and Hardware
- Available as assembled unit from TAPR Real Soon Now



The Need

Measure clock accuracy and stability over long periods (maybe years) Example: Compare Rubidium oscillator against GPS







The Method

Several approaches, but one of the easiest is to compare pulseper-second signals from the reference and the device under test ("DUT").

- [®]Use a time interval counter to measure the time between reference (e.g., GPS) and DUT over a period of time.
- [®]From that data we can learn a lot:
 - If the time difference increases or decreases steadily over time, one clock is faster than the other.
 - If the measurements bounce around (and they will), that noise can be analyzed to measure the stability of the clocks



The Problem

We're measuring the change of phase (rate) over time.
Seconds per day, or maybe nanoseconds per year
A traditional counter's resolution is limited by its clock speed.
At 1 MHz, 1 microsecond resolution. At 10 MHz, 100 nanoseconds.
Faster clock provides more resolution, but how far can you go?
Fancier counters "interpolate" between clock pulses
Best counters can provide 20 picosecond or better resolution.
But it's complex and expensive to get there.





Possible Solutions







HP 5370 20ps 32 lbs, 250VA ebay: \$250-500 HP 53132 150ps 7.5 lbs, 30W Ebay: \$500-1000 HP 5334 2ns 12 lbs, 50VA ebay: \$100-200

Can Amateurs Do Better?





How About...

The TAPR "TICC"



60ps resolution
2 timestamping channels
>100 measurements/second
USB connection to host
Arduino shield
Open Source hardware and software
Price <\$200

2.6 oz, 0.4W





About the TICC

A "timestamping" counter

Each input pulse is timed in seconds with 12 decimal places.
Timer is based on external 10 MHz signal.

Two channels, so two devices can be measured independently.

[®]Also a "time interval counter"

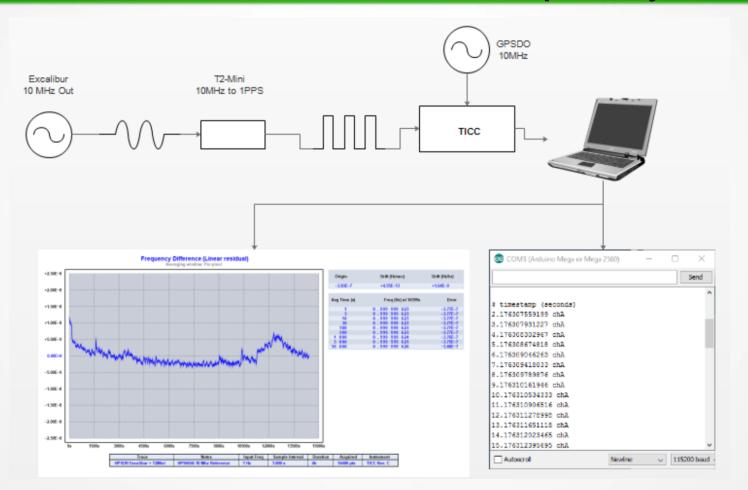
Can measure the time between a pulse on channel A and one on channel B, measuring the interval between them.

[®]Can also measure period, total number of pulses, etc.

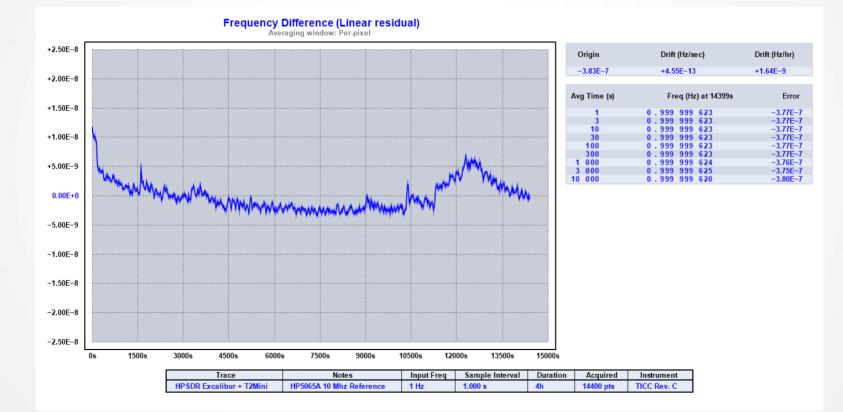
The TICC is **not** a frequency counter – it's designed for pulses, not RF.



Using the TICC to Measure HPSDR "Excalibur" Frequency



Excalibur Results





Excalibur Results



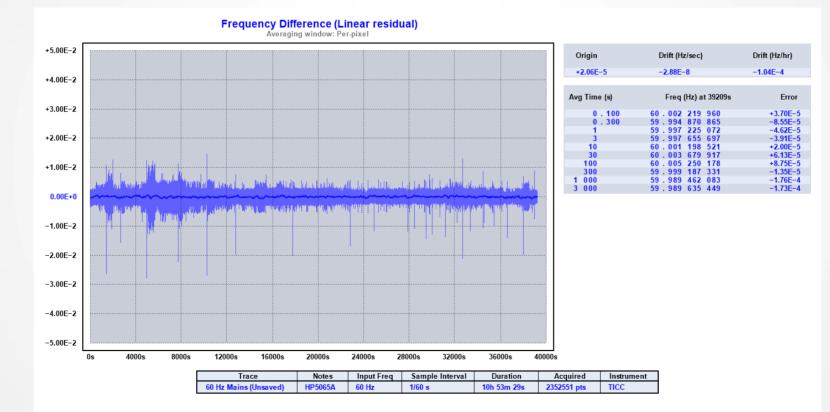


60Hz Main Power





60Hz Mains Power



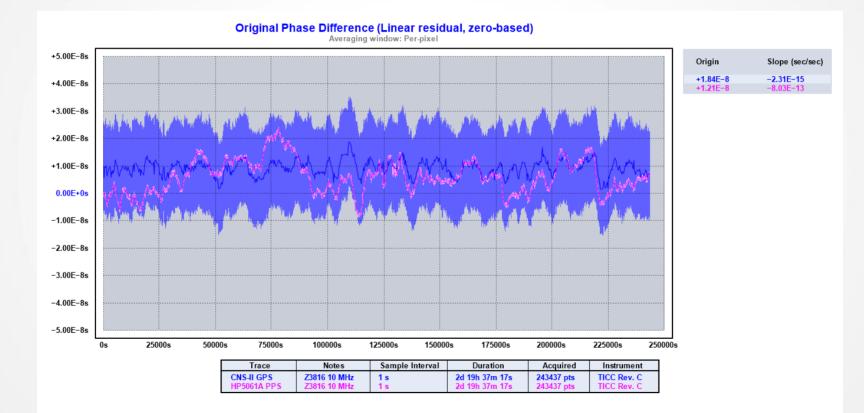


60Hz Mains Power



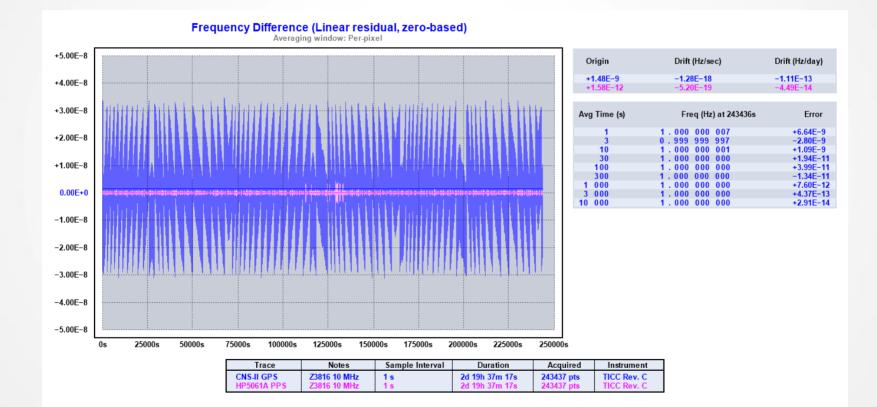


GPS & Cesium Results



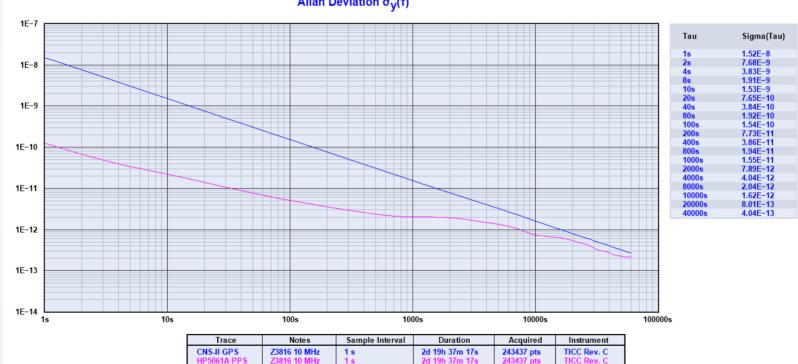


GPS & Cesium Results





GPS & Cesium Results









Thanks to...

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Questions?



